GHANA WORKING GROUP PRESENTATION

ON

THEMATIC FOCUS AREAS

WEST AFRICAN SUB-REGIONAL WORKSHOP ON MOBILE FINANCIAL SERVICES (14TH TO 16TH MARCH 2016)

Taxation

Current Situation	Way Forward/Recommendation
•Mobile money services has been exempted from the Financial Services VAT Tax introduced 2 years ago. Thus transaction fees are not taxed.	 Continue to delay taxes on transaction fees to encourage the financial inclusion and dev't agenda When to start taxing? Allow some 7 years for the service penetration and adoption; trxn values may have to hit 30% of GDP
•But Operators are paying Corporate Taxes under the Tax Law through their existing owner MNOs	•Operators as a separate legal entity must be allowed some period of Tax Holidays and/or Exemptions to enable them invest back into the business and deepen inclusion
•Agents earning GHS 500 (\$125) and above commissions are subjected to the existing10% Withholding Tax	•This is can continue since the agents reclaim the taxes annually using their Withholding Tax Certificates

Co-ordination for Customer Protection

℃urrent Situation	Way Forward/Recommendation
 New E-Money Issuing (EMI) and Agent Guidelines introduced since July, 2015 covers frameworks for privacy, transparency, data protection and business practices: -display of prices at agent points -disclosure and communications on transactions -dedicated customer care structures for issues/complaints resolution, etc 	 Regulator co-ordinated efforts on ensuring effective implementation is critical All stakeholders joint effort is required to drive awareness, education and protection of the customer/agent The BoG is currently working on implementing a public education drive
•Growth in transaction volumes due to	for mobile money in Ghana •Constant initiatives aimed at
increased trust and confidence in the services	increasing trust and confidence in the services is required
•Agents have formed Agent Associations to	Aganta must be appaured to use
ensure their interest is protected and also	 Agents must be encouraged to use

these groups positively to improve

financial inclusion

encourage best practices and service quality

Regulatory Frameworks

Current Situation

- •New E-Money Issuing (EMI) and Agent Guidelines introduced since July, 2015 have effectively set regulated frameworks for the mobile money business.
- •Stakeholder commitments are available due to the BoG involving all stakeholders in the process of developing the Guidelines

Way Forward/Recommendation

- •Ensure end-to-end enforcement of the regulation without 'fear nor favour'
- •Encourage stakeholder participation in the mobile money space and ensure customers are also in the picture
- •Update or amend the Guidelines as and when stakeholders deem appropriate and in line with prevailing market learning and impact
- •The Regulators (BoG and NCA) and other stakeholders must work together on an MoU that would set straight all grey-area roles and responsibilities as they may develop

Agents & Cross-border Transaction Issues

₅Current Situation	Way Forward/Recommendation
•New Agent Guidelines introduced since July, 2015 and covers frameworks for agent operations/practices:	•Regulator co-ordinated efforts on ensuring effective implementation is critical
-no agent exclusivity -defined Agent Categories or Models -dedicated customer care structures for issues/complaints resolution, etc	•All stakeholders joint effort is required to drive awareness, education and protection of the agent
•Agent Liquidity Management is still a critical pain area being addressed by stakeholders	•The BoG is currently working on implementing a public education drive for mobile money in Ghana
•Operators continually engaging agents on Insurance that would cover their operations, etc	•Insurance may have to be discussed further; mandatory or optional
•Agents have formed Agent Associations to ensure their interest is protected and also encourage best practices and service quality	•Agents must be encouraged to use these groups positively to improve financial inclusion
•Cross-border transactions are currently just allowed for Inward Remittances with limit of USD 500 per month per sender	•Growing need for Outward Remittances; set limits; forex or platform constraint? •Lessons from Nigeria, Cote D'Ivoire, etc •Further studies recommended in this area

Check List of Successful MM Operation

Current Situation

Way Forward/Recommendation

Success Factors:

- Collaborating industry players
- •New EMI and Agent regulation: KYC, Account types and Tiers, Trxn Limts, Agent Model, etc
- Tax (VAT) exemption
- Active agent participation and engagement
- Transaction trust and confidence
- •MMOs partnering Banks and Insurance companies for savings, investment, credit, insurance products, etc
- Customer segmentation and products delivery
- Improvement in MM Service platforms and sales distribution

•Enabling environment for mobile money to thrive effectively and better serve the financial inclusion agenda

Obstacles:

- Lack of Centralised National ID System to aid effective KYC, etc
- •Liquidity mgt; Service Uptime and some fluctuations esp. at financially excluded districts and farming communities
- Lack of government drive on mobile money education towards trust and security

- •Centralised ID data accessible by MMOs is required
- Improvement in uptime and network connectivity in deprived areas
- •Lead role by government to educate Ghanaians on mobile money services and show unflinching support

Lending & Credit for MMOs

⁷ Current Situation	Way Forward/Recommendation
•New E-Money Issuing (EMI) Guideline framework that allows MMOs to partner and Insurance companies, etc on savings/investments, insurance, credit products, etc	r Banks regulation and deepen best partnerships that eventually would
•MMOs cannot currently borrow from Eusing the Pooled Deposit as collateral security	• • •
	•Further studies recommended in this area

Payment of Interest on Pool/Escrow A/c

[®]Current Situation Way Forward/Recommendation •New E-Money Issuing (EMI) Guidelines set the Ensure end-to-end enforcement of the framework that allows Banks holding funds to regulation required pay interest on Trust/Pool/Escrow account on 80:20 basis (Customer: 80% and MMO: 20%) Need to study the current trends and using the prevailing Current Account rate identify any pain areas that may arise •Prevailing Current Account Rate is 1.5% to 7% Uganda's example must be further studied for lessons in Ghana Banks expected to start paying interest from January 2016 and into a separate account held Further studies recommended in this by the MMOs in the name of the mobile money area business Interest matters will be reviewed in the next 6 months

Partnerships between Players & Regulators

Current Situation	Way Forward/Recommendation
 New E-Money Issuing (EMI) Guidelines builds initial partnership framework Collaborations among the two Regulators (BoG and NCA) being strengthened Existing Banks and Telcos relationship 	 Ensure end-to-end enforcement of the regulation Need for MoU between the telco regulator and central bank to set out clearly required roles/responsibilities and avoid duplication and grey areas Deepen existing bank-operator relationships and foster co-operation Further studies recommended in this area

